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09/686,447	10/10/2000	Carolyn Faour	0544MH-40015	5064
•	7590 05/20/2004		EXAM	NER
CHRISTOPHER W. KENNERLY, ESQ			SHAH, NILESH R	
BAKER BOT 2001 ROSS A	TS L.L.P. VE., SUITE 600		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
DALLAS, T			2127	
			DATE MAILED: 05/20/2004	$_{\scriptscriptstyle \mathrm{I}}$

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	$-\tau$			
		09/686,447	FAOUR ET AL.				
Office Action Sum	mary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Nilesh R Shah	2127				
The MAILING DATE of this Period for Reply	communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address				
after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date - If the period for reply specified above is less - If NO period for reply is specified above, the - Failure to reply within the set or extended per	OMMUNICATION. The provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 of this communication. Than thirty (30) days, a reply maximum statutory period with riod for reply will, by statute, ree months after the mailing	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be til within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day Il apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from	nely filed /s will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) Responsive to communicate	ion(s) filed on <u>04 Ma</u>	arch 2004.					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL.	2b)☐ This	action is non-final.					
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closed in accordance with	he practice under Ex	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims							
4)	is/are withdraw red. <u>.35</u> is/are rejected. cted to.	n from consideration.					
Application Papers							
	October 2000 is/are: t any objection to the o) including the correction	a) accepted or b) ⊠objected or b) objected or b) objected or b) objected or abeyance. Se on is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
2. Certified copies of th 3. Copies of the certified application from the	lone of: e priority documents e priority documents d copies of the priori International Bureau	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat ity documents have been receiv	ion No ed in this National Stage				
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Information Disclosure Statement(s) (P Paper No(s)/Mail Date			Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 2127

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-3, 5-7, 9-15, 17-35 are presented for examination.

Drawings

This application, filed under former 37 CFR 1.60, lacks formal drawings. The informal drawings filed in this application are acceptable for examination purposes. When the application is allowed, applicant will be required to submit new formal drawings. In unusual circumstances, the formal drawings from the abandoned parent application may be transferred by the grant of a petition under 37 CFR 1.182.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1 -3, 5-7, 9-15, 17-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gross et al (5,802,253) (hereinafter Gross) and further in view of Murphy, Jr. et al ((5,481,707) (hereinafter Murphy)

Art Unit: 2127

4. As per claim 1, Gross teaches a method for handling jobs within a computer system, comprising:

placing the work item into a particular queue in a plurality of queues based at least in part on the category of the work item, each queue in the plurality of queues being for storing work items representing jobs to be performed (col. 7 lines 54-63);

in turn, opening the work item in the particular queue in response to a request from a business process, and executing one or more tasks on the work item, each task being for resolving at least a portion of the job represented by the work item by resolving at least a portion of the customer-generated request (col. 7 lines 54-63, col. 5 lines 55-58).

- 5. Gross does not specifically teach the use of a state or change in history in a work item.
- 6. Murphy teaches a request for a job to be performed, generating a item representing the job to be performed, the work item comprising, a category, a state, a change history, and a description of the job represented by the work item, the job comprising a customergenerated request (col. 11 lines 26-50);

after executing the one or more tasks on the work item modifying the state of the work item in response to execution of the one or more tasks (col. 11 lines 42-50);

Art Unit: 2127

updating the change history of the work item in response to execution of the one or more tasks (col. 11 lines 58-65);

Page 4

if the job represented by the work item is complete, archiving the work item (col. 11 lines 42-50, col. 15 lines 56-62); and

if the job represented by the work item is not yet complete, placing the work item into queue one of the plurality of queues based at least in part on one or more tasks to be executed on the work item(col. 11 lines 42-50, col. 15 lines 56-62).

- 7. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Gross and Murphy in order to maintain accurate state information. By have accurate state information one is able to determine which tasks are operating properly thus being able to monitor the entire system in a more efficient manner.
- 8. As per claim 2, Murphy teaches a method wherein the step executing a task of comprises modifying the work item (col. 11 lines 42-50).
- 9. As per claim 3, Gross teaches a method wherein executing a task comprises one or more of sending an e-mail to a person(col. 4 lines 6-24); and sending a fax to a person(col. 4 lines 6-24, col. 5 lines 23-59).

Art Unit: 2127

- 10. As per claim 5, Gross teaches a method, wherein executing a task comprises moving the work item to a queue different from its present queue (col. 7 lines 54-63, col. 5 lines 55-58).
- 11. As per claim 6, Gross teaches a method wherein one or more tasks comprises: invoking one or more composite actions, each of the one or more composite actions including a rule and at least one task to be executed as a result of evaluation of the rule (Fig. 8, col 4 lines 60-65).

evaluating the rule for a for each of the one or more composite actions and executing the task corresponding to the evaluation of the rule (Fig. 9 col. 6 lines 34-37).

- 12. As per claim 7, Gross teaches a method wherein the work item further comprises an identification of a party that created the work item (col. 4 lines 45-65, col. 5 lines 36-67).
- 13. As per claim 9, Gross teaches a method wherein the work item further cede comprises a due date for the work item indicating when the job represented by the work item should be resolved (col. 5 lines 36-67)
- 14. As per claim 10, Gross teaches a method wherein the work item further comprises a current location for the work item, the current location for the work item identifying the

Art Unit: 2127

queue in which the work item has been placed (col. 7 line 35 -col. 7 line 33, col. 58 lines 4-9)

15. As per claim 11, Gross teaches a system for handling jobs within a computer system, comprising:

one or more memory units operable to store a plurality of queues, each queue in the plurality of queues being for storing one or more work items(col. 7 lines 54-63); and

place the work item into a particular queue in the plurality of queues based at least in part on the category of the work item, each queue in the plurality of queues for storing work items representing jobs to be performed (col. 7 lines 54-63);

in turn, open the work item in the particular queue in response to a request from a business process, and executing one or more tasks on the work item, each task being for resolving at least a portion of the, job represented by the work item(col. 7 lines 54-63, col. 5 lines 55-58); and

archive the work item if the job represented by the work item is complete (col. 1 lines 50-54). Gross does not specifically teach the use of changing the state of an item.

one or more processing units collectively operable to generate, in response to receiving a request for a job to be performed, a plurality o work items, item representing the job to

Art Unit: 2127

be performed, each the work item having comprising a category, a state, a history, and a description of the job represented by the work item(col. 11 lines 26-50);

after executing the one or more tasks on the work item modify the state of the work item in response to execution of the one or more tasks and update the change history of the work item in response to execution of the one or more tasks(col. 11 lines 26-50);;

place the work item into one of the plurality of queues based at least in part on one or more tasks to be executed on the work item if the job represented by the work item is not yet complete (col. 11 lines 33-35).

16. As per claim 12, Gross teaches a system wherein the one or more processing units execute at least one task by invoking one or more composite actions, each composite action being stored in the one or more memory units and comprising; a rule to be evaluated (Fig. 9 col. 6 lines 34-37); and

at least one task to be performed executed as a result of evaluation of the rule(Fig. 8, col. 4 lines 60-65).

17. As per claim 13, Gross teaches a system, wherein the rule evaluates to a value of true or false (Fig. 8, col. 4 lines 60-65, col. 6 lines 34-37).

Art Unit: 2127

- 18. As per claim 14, Gross teaches a system further comprising a set of rules to be evaluated if there is no rule to be evaluated (Fig. 8, col. 4 lines 60-65, col. 6 lines 34-37).
- 19. As per claim 15, Gross teaches a system wherein the work items each comprises an identification of a party that created the work item (col. 7 line 35 -col. 7 line 33, col.58 lines 4-9).
- 20. As per claim 17, Gross teaches a system wherein the work items each item further ire comprises a due date for the work item indicating when the job represented by the work item should be resolved (col. 5 lines 36-67).
- 21. As per claim 18, Gross teaches a system wherein the work items each item further ire comprises a current location for the work item, the current location for the work item identifying the queue in which the work item has been placed (col. 7 line 35 -col. 7 line 33, col. lines 4-9).
- 22. As per claim 19, Gross teaches a method wherein the work item is a computer-implemented object (col. 7 lines 54-63).
- 23. As per claim 20, Gross teaches a method wherein the business process is automated such that the business process automatically opens the work item in the particular queue (col. 2 lines 4-21).

Art Unit: 2127

- 24. As per claim 21, Gross teaches a method wherein the work item persists until the job represented by the work item is completed (col. 1 lines 50-54).
- 25. As per claim 22, Murphy teaches a method wherein the state of the work item comprises one or more of an open state indicating that the work item is currently opened by a business process and is currently not available to be opened by another business process (col. 11 lines 33-36); and

a closed state indicating that the work item is waiting in its associated queue for one or more tasks to be performed on the work item by a business process(col. 11 lines 29-33).

26. As per claim 23, Gross teaches a method further comprising providing a plurality of composite actions, each composite action comprising:

a rule for determining an appropriate action to be performed on the work item (Fig. 9 col. 6 lines 34-37);

a first set of one or more actions to be performed if the rule evaluates to TRUE(Fig. 8, col. 4 lines 60-65, col. 6 lines 34-37); a second set of one or more actions to be performed if the rule evaluates to FALSE(Fig. 8, col. 4 lines 60-65, col. 6 lines 34-37);

and wherein executing one or more tasks on the work item comprises invoking one or more of the plurality of composite actions (col. 2 lines 62-67).

Art Unit: 2127

- 27. As per claim 24, Gross teaches a method, wherein each category is associated with a composite action; and the method further comprises, in response to generating a work item, specifying the category of the work item based on the job represented by the work item, a rule associated with the composite action that is associated with the category of the work item determining the particular queue in which the work item should be placed (col. 5 lines 55-59, col. 7 lines 54-60).
- 28. As per claim 25, Gross teaches a method wherein the job comprises a customer problem associated with a product or service, the job being completed when the customer's problem is resolved (col. 1 lines 59-62).
- 29. Claims 26-28 are rejected based on claims 2, 3, and 5 above.
- 30. Claims 29-35 are rejected based on claims 19-25 above.
- 31. Applicant's arguments filed o 3/4/04 for claims 1-3,5-7,9-15 and 17-35 have been considered but they are not persuasive in view of new grounds of rejection.

Conclusion

32. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP

Art Unit: 2127

§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

33. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nilesh R Shah whose telephone number is 703-305-8105.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8am-4pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng An can be reached on 703-305-9678. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

NS

May 12, 2004

MÉNG-AL T. AN

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100